Water Supply: Costs per Connection

HCC \$'s	PCC \$'s	UHCC \$'s	WCC \$'s
312	294	324	331
171	158	185	198
141	136	139	133
60	39	42	32
18	11	9	6
63	86	88	95
	\$'s 312 171 141 60	\$'s \$'s 312 294 171 158 141 136 60 39	\$'s \$'s \$'s 312 294 324 171 158 185 141 136 139 60 39 42 18 11 9

Capital Expenditure

32

39

89

158

Water Supply: Water Costs Per Capita

	HCC \$'s	PCC \$'s	UHCC \$'s	WCC \$'s
Total Council Water Costs	118	98	119	123
Less Bulk Water Levy	65	53	68	74
Total Water Costs (excl. Levy)	53	45	51	49
Less Depreciation	22	13	16	12
Interest	7	4	3	2
Direct Water Operating Costs	24	28	32	35
•				
Capital Expenditure	12	13	33	59

Wellington City Council: Connections 62,000 Population 166,700

	Water Supply Costs 2001/2002 \$000s	Cost per Connection	Cost Per Capita
** Total Council Water Costs	20,504	330.71	123.00
* Less Bulk Water Levy	12,251	197.60	73.49
Total Water Costs excl. Levy	8,253	133.11	49.51
Less			
*** Depreciation	2,012	32.45	12.07
*** Interest	357	5.75	2.14
Direct Water Operating Costs	5,884	94.91	35.30

Capital Expenditure	9,790	157.90	58.72
Capital Experiatione	3,130	137.30	30.72

\$000s

^{*} Being the Cost used by WCC

** (Costs de	erived from	*****	
	6.1.1	Water Collection and Treatment		
		Bulk Water Purchase Allocations	12,251 1,392	13,643
	6.1.2	Water Network		
		Expenditure Allocations	3,778 2,807	6,585
	6.2.2	Water Conservation		
		Expenditure Allocations	230 46	276
				20,504
**	Depre Interes		2,012 357	

6.1 1 Water collection and treatment

viability of the city as a whole. The Council purchases for the health and wellbeing of residents and the A reliable supply of good quality water is essential water in bulk from the Wellington Regional Council and is charged according to how much water the city uses.

Resources and Waste

Hence, the costs of water in 2001/02 should reduce profit in the last year and it is believed they will pass on benefits to local Councils by reducing water costs. in comparison to previous years, provided that the Wellington Regional Council has made a healthy amount of water used does not increase.

In addition, some of the water cost is recovered from customers who have water meters attached to their homes or businesses.

How we measure performance

There is no performance measure for this activity.

Operating expenditure and funding sources by project for 2001/02 What it cost

Rates funding target %	s and UAC
Rates Rates as a funding % of total requirement. funding \$000 %	Funded by water rates and UAC
Net Allocations expenditure \$000 \$000	12,251
à	0
Expenditure Reveni \$000 \$000	12,251
2000/01 Project tiescription Annual Plan Expenditure Not 5000	10 675 C115 Bulk water Durchase

5,448	1,392	4,056	(8,195)	12,251
Funded by v		12,251 (8,195)	0 (8,195)	12,251 0

C115 Bulk water purchase C506 Water metering income

12,675 (8,929) 3,746

Total

Proposed operating projects over 10 years (figures are net)

Proposed 2010/11 \$000	12,251	(8,195) 4.056	1
Proposed 2009/10 \$000	12,251	(8,195) 4.056	1) 1
Proposed 2008/09 \$000	12,251	(8,195) 4.056)
Proposed 2007/08 \$000	12,251	(8,195) 4 056)
Proposed 2006/07 \$000	12,251	(8,195) 4 056))) '
Proposed 2005/06 ⊤ \$000	12,251	(8,195) 4 056)) •
Proposed 2004/05 5000	12,251	(8,195)) }
Forecast 2003,04 \$900	12,251	(8,195)) t
Forecast 2002/03 \$000	12,251	(8,195)	5,0,
Furecast 2001/02 \$000	12,251	(8,195)	? ? *
Project description	C115 Bulk water purchase	C506 Water metering income	lotai
2000/01 Annual Plan 5000	12.675	<u> </u>	3,740

Capital expenditure

There is no capital expenditure associated with this activity.

6.1.2 Water network

clothes in and flush their toilets with. They also supply businesses and other organisations, such as pipes. This system works day and night to ensure that residents have clean water to drink, wash their 34 water pumping stations, 4,200 hydrants and Wellington's water network includes 71 reservoirs, approximately 900 kilometres of underground garden centres, schools and swimming pools.

for 2001/02 to 2004/05 include a large amount of work in relation to the reservoirs and pumping stations - this is a "catch up" of work that has been cause failures throughout the system. The schedules can often be repaired initially, but must eventually Critical assets need to be kept in good condition and also periodically replaced. Water mains, for example, be replaced before they become uneconomic and Upkeep of the network is an expensive business. deferred from previous years.

15

1

Repairs are also needed if an outside party breaks a the responsible parties, but must have sufficient water main - in this case we try to recover costs from funds to carry out the repairs immediately.

is prepared for emergencies. Fire fighting is a particularly important function of the network so the system needs to have the necessary water storage and water pressure capabilities for dealing with major fires. In addition, hydrants need to be kept in good working order and well painted, for The Council has to be sure that the water network

legislative compliance - which ensures that drinking To ensure the network operates in a cost effective and analyse data on a continual basis. These programmes also collect information needed for water quality meets a certain standard and is not and efficient manner, monitoring programmes have been established which will capture, process

disinfecting the reservoirs. At present a limited "flushing" of the network to remove sediment and deposits from the pipes, as well as cleaning and budget has been included for a pilot project in "spring clean" of the water network. This will include In the future, we also hope to carry out a regular 2001/02 only.

resource consents and water connection pumping stations as well as the processing of This activity also includes the cost of power for the applications.

How we measure performance

as measured by Hutt Valley Health and 1. The water quality rating of Wellington's water, Wellington City Council.

supply to be re-rated and to achieve a rating between "a" The most recent information is from 1994, when the (low quality). The target for 2001/02 is for the water water quality varied between "a" (high quality) and "d" and "c". The number of times that loss of water supply is responded to within 30 minutes of receiving the complaint and water is restored within eight hours. 6

In 1999/00, 96% of complaints regarding loss of water supply were responded to in 30 minutes and water was restored within eight hours. The 2001/02 target is to maintain this high level of service at greater than 95%.

What it costs

1 Allocations Rates Rates Rates Rates Operating expenditure and funding sources by project for 2001/02

	Attacinii	ciit to i	Сероп	01.502
funding target %			Page 4	of 18
funding % of cotal requirement funding \$000				600'9
900				2,87
oc. Xpenditure X000	1,898 125 419	97	260 50 50	3,202
e enue	(162) 0 (414)	00	000	(576)
xpendiwire res	2,060 125 833	97 303	260	3,778
	ed maintenance I maintenance	station unplanned n capture and analysis	n compliance anned maintenance	
corption	Water reticulation unplanned maintenance Water reticulation planned maintenance Water network operations	Water reservoir and pump station unplanned maintenance Water network information capture and analysis	Water network information compliance monitoring Water network flushing planned maintenance	Karori dam maintenance
Project de	C113 C389 C412			C536 Total
2000/01 Annual Plan Expenditure Net \$000	2,233 125 419	97	262	3,239

Attachment to Report 01.302

Wellington City Council Draft Long Term Financial Strategy and 2001/2002 Draft Annual PI.

2

contaminated by backflow.

Wellington City Council Draft Long Term Financial Strategy and 2001/2002 Draft Annual Plan

		1,898	125	419	97	103	260	20	20	3,002
		1,898	125	419	97	103	260	20	20	3,002
		1,898	125	419	97	103	260	20	20	3,002
		1,898	125	419	97	103	260	20	20	3,002
		1,898	125	419	76	103	260	20	20	3,002
2006/06 S000		1,898	1.25	419	97	103	260	20	20	3,002
2004-05		1,898	125	419	97	103	260	20	20	3,002
2003/04		1,898	125	419	97	303	260	20	20	3,202
2002/03 \$000		1,898	125	419	76	303	260	. 20	20	3,202
2001/02 \$000		1,898	125	419	. 97	303	260	20	20	3,202
riujeki deskrijuuli	C113 Water reticulation unplanned	maintenance C389 Water reticulation planned	maintenance C412 Water network	operations C462 Water reservoir and pump station unblanned	maintenance C463 Water network information	analysis C464 Water network information compliance	monitoring C507 Water network flushing planned	maintenance C536 Karori dam	maintenance	Total
Auntial Plan \$000		2,233	125	419	97	103	262	0	0	3,239

Proposed operating projects over 10 years (figures are net)

Proposed capital projects over 10 years

20.04	Propos	Proposed capital projects over 10 years	ojects	over 1	0 yea	rs						
	2000/01 Amuai Plan \$000	Project description	Forecast 2001/02 \$000	Forecast 2002/03 5000	Forecast 2003/04 \$000	Proposed	Proposed 2005/06 S000	Proposed 2006/07 5000			Proposed 2009/10 5000	Proposed 2010/11 \$000
8.2	4,000	CX126 Water reticulation renewals CX127 Water reservoir and .	5,550	5,350	5,450	5,550	5,650	5,650	5,650	5,550	5,550	5,450
==	0	pump station renewals	2,040	2,750	3,000	2,450	1,450	1,450	1,450	1,450	1,450	1,450
1	250	CX326 Water meter installation	250	340	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320
	0	reticulation upgrades CX336 Water pump	0 ,	0	0	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
[]	0	stations and reservoir upgrade CX430 Water	1,600	1,550	1,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	04,250	network maintenance renewals Total	750 9,790	750 10,740	750 11,020	, 750 10,070	750 9,170	750 9,170	750 9,170	750	750	750

6.2.2 Water conservation

1-1

1-11

At present, the Council's activities in this area are minimal. Current projects include reading water meters and answering resident's queries regarding water conservation.

1-11

[4]

Over the next decade, we will be installing water meters on an area and district basis, so that trends in water consumption can be monitored and leaks can be more easily detected.

In future, water conservation will be aided by the monitoring mentioned on page 123 (a "Water network" activity).

171

How we measure performance

171

There is currently no performance measure for this activity. However, a leakage index indicator may be developed later.

What it costs

Operating expenditure and funding sources by project for 2001/02

Rates as a Rates % of total funding funding target % %	funded by water rates and UAC
es Ading 2000 and	178
cations Rat fun fun 70.	7 7 9
Allo enditure XO SOC	100 30 2 132
enue Net exp	(86) (86)
Expenditure Rev	100 30 100 230
	Water meter reading implementing and monitoring Water conservation information Water conservation and leak detection
Pylect	C112 C392 C547
2000/01. Annual Plan Expending Ner 5000	140 30 0 170

Proposed operating projects over 10 years (figures are net)

9000sed \$000/11 \$000	100		9	2 5	797
roposed 10 5009/10 5000	100	, (DF DF	2 9	73.5 1
Poposed 7. 5000 \$	001		⊋	7	132
npased P 007/08 2 \$900	100		30	5	132
roposed P 006/07 2 \$000	0	2	90	2	132
2008 005/06 5000	0	2	30	2	132
Page 4	Ç	2	30	7	132
	0	01	e e	7	132
48.5	Ç	3	30	5	1132
		3	A	~	132
estipator se sustantia	C112 Water meter reading implementing and	monitoring C392 Water	information C547 Water	conservation and leak detection	energia :
	C112 \read read impl	mor C392	ਹ		Total
2000/01 Amual P S000		140	30	0	170

Capital expenditure

There is no capital expenditure associated with this activity.

[4]

Wellington City Council Draft Long Term Financial Strategy and 2001/2002 D

Hutt City Council : Connections 36,762 Population 97,300

	Water Supply Costs 2001/2002 \$000s	Cost per Connection \$	Cost per Capita \$
Total Council Water Costs	11,486	312.44	118.05
* Less Bulk Water Levy	6,300	171.37	64.75
Total Water Costs excl. Levy	5,186	141.07	53.30
Less			
Depreciation	2,206	60.01	22.67
Interest	650	17.68	6.68
Direct Water Operating Costs	2,330	63.38	23.95

Capital Expenditure 1,191 32.40 12.24

^{*} Being the cost used by HCC

11. Water

DESCRIPTION

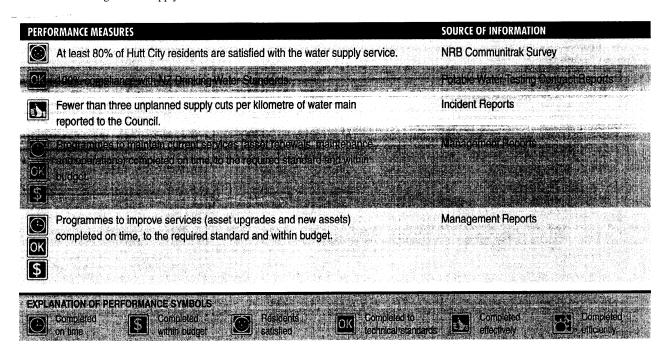
This activity involves the supply of high quality drinkable water for domestic and commercial use. The Council purchases bulk water from the Wellington Regional Council, and this accounts for 56% of the total cost of water supply to the City. Water is then distributed around the City through the local pipe network.

REASON FOR ACTIVITY

The Council's ownership of the pipe network is historical. There is strong public preference for the Council to retain ownership of these assets.

STRATEGIC GOAL

The long term goal is to ensure the efficient provision of safe, high quality drinking water to all urban properties on a continuous basis. By 2010, the Council aims to maintain pressure and supply 99% of the time, and eliminate health incidents from the drinking water supply.



WATER - STATEMENT OF PROSPECTIVE FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

For the year ending 30 June 2002

	Estimate 30/6/2001 \$000s	Budget 301612002 \$000s	Forecast 30/6/2003 \$000s	Forecast 30/6/2004 \$000s
OPERATING REVENUE User charges	2,181	2,109	2,109	2,109
Total operating revenue	2,181	2,109	2,109	2,109
OPERATING EXPENDITURE				
Employee costs	136	245	245	245
Supplier costs	7,130	6,969	6,969	6,969
Support costs	257	124	122	122
fvlaintenance costs	1,278	1,292	1,292	1,292
Interest expense	599	650	837	813
Depreciation	2,088	2,206	2,160	2,130
Total operating expenditure	11,488	11,486	11,625	11,571
NET DEFICIT BEFORE TAX	(9,307)	(9,377)	(9,516)	(9,462)

WATER - PROSPECTIVE FUNDING REQUIREMENT

For the year &ding 30 June 2002

, ,				
RATES FUNDING REQUIREMENT				
Net deficit before tax	(9,307)	(9,377)	(9,516)	(9,462)
Total rates funding requirement	(9,307)	(9,377)	(9,516)	(9,462)
LOAN FUNDING REQUIREMENT				
Capital expenditure - maintaining services	(866)	(891)	(900)	(910)
Capital expenditure - improving services	(117)	(300)	(200)	(160)
Less depreciation	2,088	2,206	2,160	2,130
Total loan funding surplus	1,105	1,015	1,060	i ,060
TOTAL FUNDING REQUIREMENT	(8,202)	(8,362)	(8,456)	(8,402)

MAINTAINING SERVICES (ASSET RENEWALS)

MINOR WORKS \$130,000

This budget allows for minor works identified during the year which require immediate attention. The projects cannot be anticipated or programmed in advance. \$90,000 is allocated to pipeline work and \$40,000 to reservoirs and pumping stations.

MAINS RENEWAL PROGRAMME

\$6 16,000

This programme allows for the renewal of water assets (fire mains/ridermains/services) that have reached the end of their working life. Assets are prioritised for renewal on the basis of frequency of asset failure, interruptions to service, quality of service provision and fire fighting capabilities etc. For the 2001/2002 year it is proposed to continue with the renewal of deteriorating asbestos cement/unlined steel/cast iron and reinforced concrete pipelines and renewal of assets prior to street reconstruction. As follows:

• Williams Street - Install Ridermain/Renew Services	\$46,000
Burdan Avenue - Renew Main/Ridermain/Services	\$103,000
Tawa Street Woburn - Renew Services	\$9,000
Oriental Street - Renew Services	\$54,000
Waerenga Road - Renew Main/Services	\$31,000
George Street- Renew Bulk Watermain	\$105,000
Sweetacres Drive - Renew Pumping Main	\$84,000
Nelson Crescent - Renew Main/Services	\$60,000
• Wise Street - Renew Main/Services	\$74,000
• Hutt City - Renew fire hydrants	\$50,000

PARK RESERVOIR ROOF REPAIRS The sealing of reservoir roof is necessary to prevent ingress of water into the reservoir.	\$40,000
POINT HOWARD RESERVOIR ROOF REPAIRS The sealing of reservoir roof is necessary to prevent ingress of water into the reservoir.	\$25,000
RESERVOIR SECURITY UPGRADE The replacement of reservoir hatches and vents is required to reduce risk of contamination.	\$25,000
MAJOR DRIVE PUMP STATION SWITCHBOARD The pump station's switchboard has reached the end of its working life and requires replacement.	\$30,000
SCADA HARDWARE UPGRADE The SCADA hardware has reached the end of its working life and replacement is required.	\$25,000
Total Maintaining Services (Asset Renewals)	\$891,000
IMPROVING SERVICES (ASSET UPGRADES AND NEW ASSETS) TAITA PUMP STATION The Taita water pumping station needs upgrading in order to improve the available storage and hydrau ic flow to the northern areas of the Hutt Valley and eliminate direct pumping of the Wellington Regional Council bulk supply into the Council's network and the associated lime sediment problem in Hutt City reticulation. It will also be able to be utilised as an emergency materials and plant store for the City's water, wastewater and stormwater reticulation.	\$300,000
Total Improving Services (Asset Upgrades and New Assets)	\$300,000
IMPROVING SERVICES (ASSET UPGRADES AND NEW ASSETS) - EXCLUDED RESERVOIR AUTO SHUT OFF VALVES This budget 'continues the programme to install auto shut off valves at key reservoirs to prevent water waste after a major earthquake.	\$40,000
SCADA RESERVOIR CONTROL Install SCADA (radio) reservoir control at Delaney reservoir to replace ageing cable control system.	\$25,000
SCADA RESERVOIR CONTROL Install SCADA [radio) reservoir control at Titiro Moana reservoir to replace ageing cable control system.	\$12,000
HUTT ROAD/WESTERN HUTT ROAD LINK MAIN Installation of a 200 mm diameter bulk water main in Petone connecting the Hutt Road and Western Hutt Road water supply systems at the northern end to improve the reliability of supply to consumers.	\$80,000
EASTERN BAYS RESERVOIR Scoping and preliminary design for the construction of a reservoir in the southern Eastern Bays area to	\$80,000

Installation of 300 mm and 200 mm diameter bulk water mains in Wakefield Street to connect the Petone

improve the reliability of supply and available pressure and flow to consumers.

Total Improving Services (Asset Upgrades and New Assets) - Excluded

and Hutt water systems for emergency and operational use.

PETONE/HUTT LINK MAINS

\$280,000

\$5 17,000

Porirua City Council : Connections 15,800 Population 47,200

	Water Supply Costs 2001/2002 \$000s	Cost per Connection \$	Cost per Capita \$
** Total Council Water Costs	4,647	294.11	98.45
* Less Bulk Water Levy	2,500	158.22	52.97
Total Water Costs excl. Levy	2,147	135.89	45.48
Less			
Depreciation	619	39.18	13.11
Interest	180	11.39	3.80
Direct Water Operating Costs	1,348	85.32	28.57

Capital Expenditure 613 38.80 12.99

^{*} Being the cost used by PCC

PU 2 OUTPUT: SUPPLY OF WATER TO ALL URBAN AREAS - KA PUTA: KO TE RERENGA WAI KI TE TAONE KATOA

KEY FUNCTIONS

• Purchase and distribution of water to ensure that there is sufficient water to meet demand. The distribution system is maintained.

Explanation

Provides for the bulk purchase of water (approximately 5,700 megalitres) from the Wellington Regional Council (\$2.5m) and for maintaining the reticulation system, reservoirs and pump stations (284 km of pipe, 73 km of service leads, 18 reservoirs and 5 pump stations).

KEY PERFORMANCE MEASURES

PURCHASE AND DISTRIBUTION OF WATER

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

- Water meets Drinking Water Standards for New Zealand 1995.
- Interruptions to supply do not exceed 20,000 household hours per annum.
- Emergency repairs are carried out within four hours for 90% of repairs.

KEY ISSUES

RENEWAL OF WATERPIPES

The allocation of \$513,000 to water main renewals continues Council's commitment to maintaining its water infrastructural watermain assets. \$390,000 is allocated to undertake the second year of a comprehensive toby and water service replacement programme. Nearly 50% of interruptions to household supply are caused by toby and lead faults. This programme will significantly improve the reliability of water supply, and reduce maintenance costs. The remaining \$123,000 is for the renewal of 50mm water mains in Champion Street, Miranda Street, Waihora Crescent and Warspite Avenue.

EARTHQUAKE PREPAREDNESS

Included this year is \$44,000 for earthquake preparedness water stores. This is for pipe sizes and couplings that are expected to be unavailable after an earthquake.

The proposed stores will consist of 162 metres of pipe ranging from 200m diameter to 375m diameter and the associated 94 couplings.

PU 2 OUTPUT: SUPPLY OF WATER TO ALL URBAN AREAS

FINANCIAL	SUMMARY

	Budgeted 2001/2002 \$'000	Budgeted 2000/2001 \$'000
Operating Transactions	¥ ***	,
Payments for Services Received Interest Expense Depreciation/Decline in Service Potential Total Operating Expenses	3,848 180 619 4,647	3,882 210 - 617 4,709
Fees & Charges Subsidies & Grants Investment Income Total Operating Revenue	(1,023) (17) 0 (1,040)	(1,014) (17) 0 (1,031)
Net Cost of Service less Depreciation/Decline in Service Potential Operating Cost Funded from Rates	3,607 (619) 2,988	3,678 (617) 3,061
Non-Operating Transactions	<u> </u>	3,002
Capital Expenditure Loan Repayment/Advances Transfers to Special Funds Transfersto Sinking Funds Transfers to Other Accounts Total Non-Operating Funding Required	613 33 16 84 0 746	16
Loans Raised Proceeds from Asset Sales Transfers from Special Funds Transfers from Sinking Funds Transfers from Other Accounts Total Non-Operating Funding Received	0 0 (15) 0 0 (15)	0 . 0 . (85) 0 0 (85)
Total Non-Operating Funding From Rates		7 W. 300 TO TO TO TO
Total Rates Funding Required	731 3,719	3,629
		7 × 50 × 500mm ²⁶

THREE-YEAR PROJECTION

Operating Transactions	2001/02	2002/03	2003/04
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Total Operating Expenses Total Operating Revenue Net Cost of Service	4,647	4,613	4,603
	(1,040)	(788)	(788)
Net Cost of Service less Depreciation/Decline in Service Potential Operating Cost Funded from Rates	3,607	3,825	3,815
	(619)	(619)	(619)
Non-Operating Transactions	2,988	3,206	3,196
Total Non-Operating Funding Required Total Non-Operating Funding Received	746	496	530
	(15)	0	0
Total Non-Operating Funding From Rates	731	496	530
Total Rates Funding Rewired	3,719	3,702	3.726

Upper Hutt City Council : Connections 12,970 Population 35,400

	Water Supply Costs 2001/2002 \$000s	Cost per Connection \$	Cost per Capita \$
Total Council Water Costs	4,201	323.90	118.67
* Less Bulk Water Levy	2,400	185.04	67.80
Total Water Costs excl. Levy	1,801	138.86	50.87
Less			
Depreciation	548	42.25	15.48
Interest	118	9.10	3.33
Direct Water Operating Costs	1,135	87.51	32.06

Capital Expenditure 1,157 89.20 32.68

^{*} Being the cost used by UHCC

WATER SUPPLY

.Goals and Measures ...

SCOPE OF SERVICES

Bulk water is purchased from the Wellington Regional Council, stored in the Upper Hutt City Council's fourteen reservoirs and distributed to residents via 6 pumping stations and 225 kilometres of mains. The service is managed by the Water Services Maintenance Division with all work being carried out by contract. The Water Services Maintenance Division also endeavours to maintain the present "Aa" grading for reticulated water supply, the highest water grade available.

Strategic Plan Priorities

This function contributes to the achievement of the following Council priorities:

- 2.1 Promoting a safe and healthy City.
- 2.6 Advocating for Upper Hutt on issues that are important to the City.
- 4.1 Planning for sustainable development.
- 4.4 Providing a safe and reliable water supply.
- 4.5 Encouraging the conservation of water for environmental and economic reasons.

Capital Works			Performance Measures & Targets
Renew and replace pipe Management Programme	s in line with the 2001/02 Asset s*	\$655,250	Complete the work within budget by 30 June 2002.
Heretaunga Square Wyndham Road Ararino Street Fendalton Crescent Coates Street Nicolaus Street Tennyson Street Palfrey Street	Winchester Avenue Miro Street Chichester Drive Oxford Crescent Duncraig Grove Terminus Street Routley Crescent		
Maymorn Water Supply	Upgrade	\$217,000	Complete the work within budget by 30 June 2002.
New mains		\$157,000	Complete the work within budget by 30 lune 2002.
Reservoir upgrade	Participals of the Control of the	\$108,400	Complete the work within budget by 30 June 2002.
Miscellaneous work		\$20,000	Complete the work within budget by 30 June 2002.

^{*} These works form the part of Council's 200 1/02 infrastructural assets management programme which has a total cost of \$1,500,000 spread over the three utility services (water supply, stormwater and wastewater).

Projects	Performance Measures & Targets
Pipe Condition Survey: Expose selected pipes at 15 different locations over the city to assess and rate their	Complete the survey within a budget of \$9,200 by 30 June 2002.
condition.	* (1733,57,53),

a n d

Projects Leak Detection Programme: Complete the programme within a budget of \$61,500 by 30 June 2002. (a) Carry out the annual survey of the water supply system reticulation to locate and repair leaks, including listening for leaks on 2,000 tobies per annum (to private property). (b) Monitor minimum night flows through the bulk meters to identify new water leaks as they occur.

Further information on the capital works and projects is contained within the Support Information section.

Goal

To provide a reliable supply of high quality water to the Upper Hutt community that is served by the reticulation system.

Performance Measures & Targets

* *ca*

Measures ...

Ensure the supply to individual consumers is not being interrupted for longer than 2'hours on 95% of occasions.

Maintain the water supply in accordance with the Drinking Water Standards for New Zealand.

Operate a programme to encourage residents and property owners to reduce water wastage.'

95% of persons surveyed rating the water supply as satisfactory or better.

WATER SUPPLY

	BUDGET 2000/2001 (\$000)	BUDGET 200112002 (\$000)	BUDGET 200212003 (\$000)	BUDGET 2003/2004 (\$000)
Operating Costs	3,527	3,535	3,528	3,526
Interest	92	118	102	93
Depreciation	547	548	515	499
Operating Income	(897)	(1,076)	(1,084)	(1,104)
NET OPERATING COST	3,269	3,125	3,061	3,014
Capital Expenditure	1,691	1,157	545	588
Loan Repayments	144	581	880	110
Transfers to Funds	3	145	95	0
Less				
Depreciation and Other Unfunded Items	(582)	(587)	(544)	(523)
TOTAL FUNDING REQUIRED	4,525	4,421	4,037	3,189
Funded by :				
Rates	3,404	3,350	3,067	3,063
Loans Raised	720	477	871	126
Transfers from Funds	401	594	99	0
TOTAL FUNDING	4,525	4,421	4,037	3,189